There were more than 20 million surgical and nonsurgical cosmetic procedures performed worldwide in 2014.

Botulinum Toxin, (including BOTOX® Dysport and Xeomin) was ranked the most popular procedure overall.

The United States held the top spot for total number of surgical procedures performed.

The top five countries which performed the most surgical and nonsurgical procedures were the United States, Brazil, Japan, South Korea and Mexico.

9,645,395 surgical procedures were performed in 2014.

The cosmetic surgical procedures performed most frequently were:
- Eyelid Surgery (1,427,451 procedures)
- Liposuction (1,372,901 procedures)
- Breast Augmentation (1,348,197 procedures)
- Fat Grafting (965,727 procedures)
- Rhinoplasty (849,445 procedures)

The United States accounted for 15.4%, Brazil for 13.9%, Japan for 3.4%, South Korea for 4.6% and Mexico for 4% of the surgical procedures.

10,591,506 nonsurgical procedures were performed in 2014 with the United States taking the lead at 2,581,551 procedures.

The nonsurgical procedures performed most often in 2014 were:
- Botulinum Toxin (4,830,911)
- Hyaluronic Acid (2,690,633)
- Hair Removal (1,277,581)
- Chemical Peel (493,043)
- Laser Skin Resurfacing (480,271)

The United States accounted for 24.4%, Japan for 8.8%, Brazil for 6.8%, South Korea for 5.1% and Mexico for 3.1% of the total nonsurgical procedures.

Women had more than 17 million surgical and nonsurgical procedures, 86.3% of the total. The top five surgical procedures performed on women in 2014 were: breast augmentation, liposuction, eyelid surgery, fat grafting, and abdominoplasty.

The United States accounted for 22.1%, Brazil for 13.7%, Germany for 3.6%, Mexico for 3.4% and France for 3.0% of the total number of breast procedures performed worldwide in 2014.

Men had more than 2.7 million surgical and nonsurgical procedures, 13.7% of the total. The top five surgical procedures performed on men in 2014 were: Eyelid Surgery, Rhinoplasty, Liposuction, Gynecomastia, fat grafting and ear surgery.

Rankings are based solely on those countries from which a sufficient survey response was received and data was considered to be representative.